Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System

Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System, a component unit of Commonwealth of Kentucky; (the "System"), which comprise the statement of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2018, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the financial statements of the System.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Kentucky Indiana Ohio

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Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System, a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, at June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in its fiduciary net position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

The financial statements of the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System for the year ended June 30, 2017, were audited by other auditors whose report dated December 12, 2017, expressed unmodified opinions on those statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6 and the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (pages 39 through 42), Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (pages 43 through 46), Schedules of Pension Contributions (pages 47 through 50), Schedules of OPEB Contributions (pages 51 through 54), and Schedules of Investment Returns (page 55) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2018, on our consideration of the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MCM (CPAS & ADVISONS LA

Lexington, Kentucky November 15, 2018

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2018

As management of the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System ("the System"), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, we offer readers of the System's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the System for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017. The two retirement plans within the System are the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan and the Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan (collectively, the "Plans"). We encourage readers to read it in a conjunction with the System's financial statements and accompanying notes.

Using this Financial Report

Because of the long-term nature of a defined benefit pension plan, financial statements alone cannot provide sufficient information to properly reflect a plan's ongoing plan perspective. The Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (on pages 7 through 10) provide information about the activities of the Plans as a whole. The Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan is the fiduciary of funds held in trust for its members, and the Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan is the fiduciary of funds held in trust for its members.

The Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (on pages 39 through 42) and the Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (on pages 43 through 46) include information about the actuarially funded status of each defined benefit pension plan, including the sources of changes in the net pension liability and the components of the net pension liability. The Schedule of Pension Contributions (on pages 47 through 50) and the Schedule of OPEB Contributions (on pages 51 through 54) include information about the actuarially determined contributions, contributions to each defined benefit and hybrid plan. The Schedules of Investment Returns (on page 55) include information on the rate of return on plan investments.

Medical Insurance

For purposes of disclosures required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, assets have been allocated between pension and retiree medical liabilities on the basis of accrued liability as of July 1, 2007. This amount has been brought forward from that date based on actual cash flows and prorated allocation of investment return.

Financial Highlights

Judicial Retirement Plan

In the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Judicial Retirement Plan experienced:

- An increase in fiduciary net position of \$25.8 million, from \$371.8 million to \$397.6 million in fiscal year 2018 and an increase of \$34.0 million, from \$337.8 million to \$371.8 million in fiscal year 2017. The increase in both years is primarily due to investment earnings.
- A \$592,000 increase and \$3,365,000 decrease in employer contributions during fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. The increase and decrease each year is directly related to the amount appropriated by the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
- A \$8.8 million decrease in net investment income from \$43.7 million in fiscal year 2017 to \$34.9 million in fiscal year in 2018. A \$32.9 million increase in net investment income from \$10.8 in fiscal year 2016, to \$43.7 million in fiscal year 2017. The change each year is due primarily to the amount of appreciation of investments held.
- An increase of \$187,000 and \$150,000 in benefit payments during fiscal years 2018 and 2017 respectively, with aggregate benefit payments of \$23.2 million and \$23.0 million in fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

Financial Highlights (Continued)

Judicial Retirement Plan (Continued)

	June 30,							
		2010	% Increase		2017	% Increase		2016
		2018	(Decrease)		2017	(Decrease)		2016
Summary of Fiduciary Net Position								
Cash and investments	\$	395,921,340	6.84%	\$	370,573,994	10.13%	\$	336,474,266
Receivables		1,638,931	30.72%		1,253,762	-6.81%		1,345,443
Fiduciary Net Position	\$	397,560,271	6.92%	\$	371,827,756	10.07%	\$	337,819,709
			% Increase			% Increase		
		2018	(Decrease)		2017	(Decrease)		2016
Summary of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position								
Additions								
Employer contributions	\$	13,805,475	4.48%	\$	13,213,931	-20.30%	\$	16,578,846
Member contributions		2,195,624	23.22%		1,781,858	-5.97%		1,895,026
Net investment income		34,886,699	-20.18%		43,707,684	303.54%		10,831,020
Appropriations for								
administrative expense		567,900	3.62%		548,041	4.23%		525,821
Litigation proceeds		-	-100.00%		154	-98.55%		10,610
Total Additions		51,455,698	-13.16%		59,251,668	98.56%		29,841,323
Deductions								
Benefit payments		23,193,774	0.81%		23,007,246	0.66%		22,857,157
Insurance premiums		1,962,008	0.97%		1,943,171	-0.28%		1,948,704
Administrative expenses		567,900	96.64%		288,800	6.35%		271,561
Refund of member contributions		(499)	-111.33%		4,404	N/A		-
Total Deductions		25,723,183	1.90%		25,243,621	0.66%		25,077,422
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	25,732,515	-24.33%	\$	34,008,047	613.87%	\$	4,763,901

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

Financial Highlights (Continued)

Legislators Retirement Plan

In the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Legislators Retirement Plan experienced:

- An increase in fiduciary net position of \$7.5 million, from \$110.5 million to \$118.0 million in fiscal year 2018 and an increase of \$10.7 million, from \$99.8 million to \$110.5 million in fiscal year 2017. The increase in both years is primarily due to investment earnings.
- A \$70,000 and \$910,000 decrease in employer contributions during fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. The decrease each year is directly related to the amount appropriated by the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
- An decrease in net investment income of \$2.6 million, from \$12.8 million in 2017 to \$10.2 million in fiscal year in 2018, and an increase in net investment income of \$9.4 million, from \$3.4 million in 2016 to \$12.8 million in fiscal year 2017. The change each year is due primarily to the amount of appreciation of investments held.
- An increase of \$272,000 and \$257,000 in benefit payments during fiscal years 2018 and 2017 respectively, with aggregate benefit payments of \$4.5 million and \$4.3 million in fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively.

			June 30,		
		% Increase		% Increase	
	 2018	(Decrease)	 2017	(Decrease)	 2016
Summary of Fiduciary Net Position					
Cash and investments	\$ 117,513,475	6.71%	\$ 110,123,844	10.73%	\$ 99,451,011
Receivables	 496,751	43.32%	 346,599	-7.84%	 376,072
Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 118,010,226	6.83%	\$ 110,470,443	10.66%	\$ 99,827,083
		% Increase		% Increase	
	 2018	(Decrease)	 2017	(Decrease)	 2016
Summary of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position					
Additions					
Employer contributions	\$ 2,405,500	-2.83%	\$ 2,475,545	-26.89%	\$ 3,386,182
Member contributions	242,235	-24.19%	319,514	-5.92%	339,631
Net investment income	10,206,436	-20.33%	12,811,155	282.19%	3,352,005
Appropriations for					
administrative expense	200,900	-3.46%	208,091	11.40%	186,800
Litigation proceeds	 -	-100.00%	 3,251	68.18%	 1,933
Total Additions	13,055,071	-17.46%	15,817,556	117.68%	7,266,551
Deductions					
Benefit payments	4,525,599	6.40%	4,253,555	6.43%	3,996,690
Insurance premiums	758,496	6.89%	709,612	7.31%	661,292
Administrative expenses	229,305	10.19%	208,091	3.28%	201,492
Refund of member contributions	 1,888	-35.74%	 2,938	N/A	
Total Deductions	 5,515,288	6.59%	 5,174,196	6.48%	 4,859,474
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 7,539,783	-29.16%	\$ 10,643,360	342.17%	\$ 2,407,077

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions

Accounting standards require that the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position state asset value at fair value and include only benefits and refunds due to plan members and beneficiaries and accrued investment and administrative expenses as of the reporting date. Information regarding the actuarial funding status of the defined benefit pension plans and the medical insurance plans is provided in the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, respectively.

Annual contributions of the Commonwealth are set by the Kentucky Revised Statutes. During the years ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2018, the General Assembly appropriated the statutorily-required annual contributions to both the Judicial Plan and Legislators Plan. During the years ended June 20, 2011 through June 30, 2014, the General Assembly suspended state statutes so that contributions could be reduced. In the Judicial Plan, the reductions were: FY11, 44%; FY12, 48%; FY13, 69% and, FY14, 71%. In the Legislators Plan, the reductions were: FY11, 44%; FY12, 48%; FY13, 53% and, FY14, 57%. The Schedules of Pension Contributions and Schedules of OPEB Contributions (on pages 47 through 54) indicate the contributions that have been made while the statutes were suspended.

Contacting the System

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the System's finances. If you have any questions concerning the information provided, contact the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System at 305 Ann Street; Frankfort, KY 40601.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Kentuc	ky Judicial Retiren	nent Plan	Kentuc			
	Medical Pension Insurance Total		Total	Pension	M edical Insurance	Total	System Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 276,018	\$ 76,555	\$ 352,573	\$ 12,429	\$ 7,720	\$ 20,149	\$ 372,722
Receivables							
Accrued interest receivable	1,013,664	281,143	1,294,807	258,015	160,249	418,264	1,713,071
Dividend receivable	169,078	46,895	215,973	39,524	24,547	64,071	280,044
Members' contribution receivable	110,438	17,713	128,151	11,162	3,254	14,416	142,567
Total Receivables	1,293,180	345,751	1,638,931	308,701	188,050	496,751	2,135,682
Investments at Fair Value							
Investments held by State Treasury	67,070	18,602	85,672	30,679	19,054	49,733	135,405
Governmental securities	6,366,074	1,765,656	8,131,730	1,160,236	720,599	1,880,835	10,012,565
Foreign governmental securities	1,988,544	551,531	2,540,075	376,057	233,561	609,618	3,149,693
Corporate notes	76,273,118	21,154,648	97,427,766	18,989,080	11,793,741	30,782,821	128,210,587
Common stock	224,983,150	62,400,374	287,383,524	51,932,523	32,237,796	84,170,319	371,553,843
Total Investments	309,677,956	85,890,811	395,568,767	72,488,575	45,004,751	117,493,326	513,062,093
Fiduciary Net Position - Restricted for Pension							
and Other Post-employment Benefits	\$ 311,247,154	\$ 86,313,117	\$ 397,560,271	\$ 72,809,705	\$ 45,200,521	\$ 118,010,226	\$ 515,570,497

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Kentuc	ky Judicial Retirem	ent Plan	Kentuck			
	Pension	M edical Insurance	Total	Pension	M edical Insurance		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 46,421	\$ 12,551	\$ 58,972	\$ 16,791	\$ 10,322	\$ 27,113	\$ 86,085
Receivables							
Accrued interest receivable	642,111	173,602	815,713	159,301	97,925	257,226	1,072,939
Dividend receivable	200,127	54,106	254,233	46,040	28,302	74,342	328,575
Employer contribution receivable	21,610	-	21,610	-	-	-	21,610
Members' contribution receivable	123,086	39,120	162,206	9,309	5,722	15,031	177,237
Total Receivables	986,934	266,828	1,253,762	214,650	131,949	346,599	1,600,361
Investments at Fair Value							
Investments held by State Treasury	30,948	8,367	39,315	39,179	24,084	63,263	102,578
Governmental securities	11,825,552	3,168,034	14,993,586	2,123,892	1,377,182	3,501,074	18,494,660
Foreign governmental securities	2,063,567	557,908	2,621,475	389,637	239,517	629,154	3,250,629
Corporate notes	51,026,401	13,795,533	64,821,934	13,358,908	8,211,965	21,570,873	86,392,807
Common stock	226,737,741	61,300,971	288,038,712	52,227,294	32,105,073	84,332,367	372,371,079
Total Investments	291,684,209	78,830,813	370,515,022	68,138,910	41,957,821	110,096,731	480,611,753
Fiduciary Net Position - Restricted for Pension	n						
and Other Post-employment Benefits	\$ 292,717,564	\$ 79,110,192	\$ 371,827,756	\$ 68,370,351	\$ 42,100,092	\$ 110,470,443	\$ 482,298,199

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Kentuc	ky Judicial Retirem	ent Plan	Kentuck			
	Medical						
	Pension	Insurance	Total	Pension	Insurance	Total	System Total
Additions Contributions							
Employer Member	\$ 12,528,690 1,977,290	\$ 1,276,785 218,334	\$ 13,805,475 2,195,624	\$ 2,399,944 232,774	\$ 5,556 9,461	\$ 2,405,500 242,235	\$ 16,210,975 2,437,859
Total Contributions	14,505,980	1,495,119	16,001,099	2,632,718	15,017	2,647,735	18,648,834
Appropriations for administrative expenses	444,591	123,309	567,900	123,930	76,970	200,900	768,800
Investments							
Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)	20,744,182	5,856,975	26,601,157	4,819,682	2,957,264	7,776,946	34,378,103
Interest	2,018,136	559,737	2,577,873	756,912	470,103	1,227,015	3,804,888
Dividends	4,578,617	1,269,897	5,848,514	766,914	476,315	1,243,229	7,091,743
Total Investment Income	27,340,935	7,686,609	35,027,544	6,343,508	3,903,682	10,247,190	45,274,734
Less investment expenses	110,263	30,582	140,845	25,140	15,614	40,754	181,599
Net Investment Income	27,230,672	7,656,027	34,886,699	6,318,368	3,888,068	10,206,436	45,093,135
Total Additions	42,181,243	9,274,455	51,455,698	9,075,016	3,980,055	13,055,071	64,510,769
Deductions							
Benefit payments	23,193,774	-	23,193,774	4,525,599	-	4,525,599	27,719,373
Insurance premiums	-	1,962,008	1,962,008	-	758,496	758,496	2,720,504
Administrative expense	458,270	109,630	567,900	108,175	121,130	229,305	797,205
Refund of member contributions	(391)	(108)	(499)	1,888		1,888	1,389
Total Deductions	23,651,653	2,071,530	25,723,183	4,635,662	879,626	5,515,288	31,238,471
Net Increase in Plan Position	18,529,590	7,202,925	25,732,515	4,439,354	3,100,429	7,539,783	33,272,298
Fiduciary Net Position - Restricted, Beginning of Year	292,717,564	79,110,192	371,827,756	68,370,351	42,100,092	110,470,443	482,298,199
Fiduciary Net Position - Restricted, End of Year	\$ 311,247,154	\$ 86,313,117	\$ 397,560,271	\$ 72,809,705	\$ 45,200,521	\$ 118,010,226	\$ 515,570,497

See accompanying notes.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Kentu	cky Judicial Retireme	ent Plan	Ke			
	Pension	Medical Insurance	Total	Pension	Medical Insurance	Total	System Total
Additions Contributions Employer Member	\$ 11,992,201 1,605,752	\$ 1,221,730 176,106	\$ 13,213,931 1,781,858	\$ 2,469,9 312,-		\$ 2,475,545 319,514	\$ 15,689,476 2,101,372
Total Contributions	13,597,953	1,397,836	14,995,789	2,782,4	69 12,590	2,795,059	17,790,848
Appropriations for administrative expenses Litigation proceeds	431,549 122	116,492 32	548,041 154	127,: 1,9	56080,5311,259	208,091 3,251	756,132 3,405
Investments Net appreciation (realized and unrealized) Interest Dividends	28,242,548 1,477,992 4,911,804	7,623,771 398,968 1,325,888	35,866,319 1,876,960 6,237,692	6,355, 586,9 913,4	379 370,510	10,367,549 957,389 1,490,126	46,233,868 2,834,349 7,727,818
Total Investment Income	34,632,344	9,348,627	43,980,971	7,855,0	4,959,435	12,815,064	56,796,035
Less investment expenses	215,197	58,090	273,287	2,	1,513	3,909	277,196
Net Investment Income	34,417,147	9,290,537	43,707,684	7,853,2	4,957,922	12,811,155	56,518,839
Total Additions	48,446,771	10,804,897	59,251,668	10,765,2	5,052,302	15,817,556	75,069,224
Deductions: Benefit payments Insurance premiums Administrative expense Refund of member contributions	23,007,246 	1,943,171 61,387 936	23,007,246 1,943,171 288,800 4,404	4,253,: 127,: 1;	709,612 860 80,531	4,253,555 709,612 208,091 2,938	27,260,801 2,652,783 496,891 7,342
Total Deductions	23,238,127	2,005,494	25,243,621	4,382,9	791,280	5,174,196	30,417,817
Net Increase in Plan Position	25,208,644	8,799,403	34,008,047	6,382,2	4,261,022	10,643,360	44,651,407
Fiduciary Net Position - Restricted, Beginning of Year	267,508,920	70,310,789	337,819,709	61,988,	37,839,070	99,827,083	437,646,792
Fiduciary Net Position - Restricted, End of Year	\$ 292,717,564	\$ 79,110,192	\$ 371,827,756	\$ 68,370,2	\$ 42,100,092	\$ 110,470,443	\$ 482,298,199

Note A - Description of the System

Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan and the Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan have the same Board of Trustees and are coordinated administratively as the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System (the "System"). As a result of the common governance, the financial statements for the respective plans are presented on a combined basis. The Board of Trustees of the System consists of eight members, three of whom are appointed by the Supreme Court, two by the Governor, one by the President of the Kentucky Senate, one by the Speaker of the Kentucky House of Representatives, and one by the President and Speaker jointly. Although the Plans share a common Board of Trustees, each Plan maintains its own investments and pays benefits to its members only from its own assets. Each Plan has a defined benefit and hybrid cash balance component which provide both pension and medical benefits to members.

Senate Bill 151, enacted during the 2018 Session of the General Assembly, provides for changes to the benefit structure of the Judicial Retirement Plan and the Legislators Retirement Plan. The constitutionality of SB 151 is the subject of pending litigation the outcome of which is not determinable.

The System is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky ("Commonwealth"). The Plan fiduciary net position and the changes in Plan fiduciary net position are included in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") as a pension trust fund in the fiduciary funds financial statement. Financial statements of the Commonwealth and its component units that form the Commonwealth reporting entity have been issued separately and are audited by the elected Auditor of Public Accounts.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- 1. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The financial statements of the System have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as it applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Standards and Interpretations), constitute GAAP for governmental units.
- 2. <u>Accounting Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and changes therein, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 3. <u>Subsequent Events</u>: Subsequent events for the System have been considered through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued.
- 4. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The System considers all cash and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.
- 5. <u>Member Contributions</u>: Member contributions to the plans are recognized when due to the System based on the provisions of the plans.
- 6. <u>Benefit Payments and Refunds</u>: Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- 7. <u>Investments</u>: Plan investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount that the Plan can reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller.
- 8. <u>Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities</u>: The System obtains actuarial valuation reports to estimate the net pension and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") liabilities on a bi-annual basis. The most recent actuarial valuation had a measurement date of July 1, 2017.
- 9. <u>Reclassification:</u> Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2017 financial statements to confirm with the 2018 presentation. These reclassifications had no impact to the change in fiduciary net position or the net position of the System.
- 10. <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>: In June 2017, the GASB issued statement No. 87, Leases. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 1, 2019. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about the government entity's leasing activities. The System is currently evaluating the impact that will result from adopting the GASB statement and is currently unavailable to disclose the impact of adoption of the standards on the financial position and operations.

Note C - Plan Description and Contribution Information

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan

Membership - Defined Benefit Plan

Total membership in the defined benefit plan of the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan ("Judicial DB Plan") consisted of the following at July 1, 2017, the date of the last actuarial valuation, and as of June 30, 2018:

	July 1, 2017	June 30, 2018
Retireees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	332	339
Terminated plan members - vested	17	16
Active plan members	227	213
Total	576	568
Number of Participating Employees	1	1

Membership - Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

Membership in the hybrid cash balance plan of the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan ("Judicial HCB Plan") consists of 29 individuals at June 30, 2018 and 22 individuals at June 30, 2017. All individuals in the hybrid cash balance plan are currently active plan members.

Note C - Plan Description and Contribution Information (Continued)

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plan Description - Defined Benefit Plan

The Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan contains a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides retirement benefits and medical insurance premium supplements, and covers the District, Circuit, Court of Appeals and Supreme Court judges.

The Judicial DB Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Prior to June 30, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA"), keyed to the Consumer Price Index, were provided on July 1 of each year. Commencing in 2009, the COLA on July 1 of each year is 1.50%. The COLA created in 2009 was suspended by legislative action in 2012, and no COLA's have since been granted. By legislative action in 2013, the statute was amended to provide that each July 1, a recipient of a monthly pension benefit from the Judicial DB Plan shall receive a 1.50% cost-of-living adjustment (pro-rated for the first year, if the recipient has been retired for less than one year) if:

- 1. The funding level of the Judicial DB Plan is greater than 100% and subsequent legislation authorizes the use of any surplus actuarial assets to provide for the increase; and
- 2. The Kentucky General Assembly appropriates sufficient funds to fully prefund the increase.

Supplemental increases to the 1.50% cost-of-living adjustment will require prefunding, appropriation and legislative action by the Kentucky General Assembly.

Additionally, legislation provides that a pension benefit shall be increased, if necessary, so that it equals an amount calculated by using a 1.5125% benefit rate and the current 60-month average earnings of the position held by the member at the time of retirement, subject to a 4.0% COLA annually.

As an additional retirement benefit, the Judicial DB Plan will pay a percentage, based on years of service, of the members' hospital and medical insurance coverage for the retirees and their qualified dependents.

Vesting is achieved when the member has eight years of state governmental service credit. Former members who are not vested are entitled to a refund of their accumulated contributions.

There are special statutory provisions regarding disability benefits and death benefits in the line of duty.

As of January 1, 2014, participation in the Judicial DB Plan is closed to new members. All new members of the Judicial Plan participate in the Judicial HCB Plan. However, membership in the Judicial DB Plan is reactivated if a former participant of the Judicial DB Plan becomes eligible again to participate in the Judicial Plan.

Plan Description - Hybrid Cash Balance

The Judicial HCB Plan provides retirement benefits to a vested member electing to participate in the Judicial Plan after January 1, 2014, and to their beneficiaries, based on the member's accumulated cash balance account. The cash balance account consists of the member's personal contributions, the employer's current pay credit of 4.00% and applicable interest. The retiree has certain distribution options, including lifetime annuity, lump sum and optional survivor benefit payments.

Note C - Plan Description and Contribution Information (Continued)

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plan Description - Hybrid Cash Balance (Continued)

Vesting is achieved either (a) at age 65 with accumulation of five years of active service credit in the Judicial HCB Plan and any other state-supported retirement system of the Commonwealth; or (b) at least age 57 and the member's accumulated active service credit in the Judicial HC Plan and other state-supported retirement system of the Commonwealth plus his/her age is at least 87.

A non-vested member (one with less than five years of service) is entitled to a refund of his/her personal contributions but forfeits the employer credit. A refund of the cash balance account for a member with five or more years of service includes his/her personal contributions, the employer credit, and applicable interest.

There are special statutory provisions regarding disability benefits and death benefits in the line of duty.

Any cost-of-living adjustment (pro-rated for the first year if the recipient has been retired for less than one year) will be granted providing the following statutory requirements occur:

- 1. The funding level of the Judicial HCB Plan is greater than 100% and subsequent legislation authorizes the use of any surplus actuarial assets to provide for the increase; and
- 2. The Kentucky General Assembly appropriates sufficient funds to fully prefund the increase.

As an additional retirement benefit, a recipient of a hybrid cash balance retirement allowance with at least 15 years of State service is eligible for a monthly health insurance benefit. The health insurance benefit is \$10.00 for each year of plan service. The minimum service requirement is waived for a member who is disabled in the line of duty, or for the qualified survivor of a member who is killed in the line of duty.

Contributions - Defined Benefit Plan

Members electing to participate in the Plan prior to September 1, 2008, contribute 5% of their official salary, and members electing to participate in the Plan on or after September 1, 2008 contribute 6% of their official salary. Once a member has earned sufficient service credit to have accrued a benefit of 100% of final average compensation, then employee contributions shall cease. The Commonwealth made a normal contribution at the actuarially-determined rate calculated by utilizing the entry age normal method of funding, and a past service contribution equal to 1% of the unfunded past service liability and contributed interest on the unfunded past service liabilities at the actuarially-assumed interest rate of 7%, in an amount equal to 100% of the amount required by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) 21.515.

Additionally, the Commonwealth made an appropriation to cover administrative expenses of the Judicial DB Plan. Members may transfer qualified member and Commonwealth contributions into the Judicial DB Plan from other state funded retirement plans.

Contributions - Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

Members electing to participate in the Judicial HCB Plan contribute an amount equal to 6% of official salary. Of this, 1% is to be used to fund retiree health benefits and is not refundable. For each pay period that a personal contribution is made, the Commonwealth will apply an employer credit of 4% of official salary to the member's account. On June 30 of each year, interest, in accordance with KRS 21.402, will be credited to the account. As of June 30, 2018, and 2017, approximately \$767,000 and \$484,000, respectively, of the fiduciary net position of the Systems relates to the Judicial HCB Plan.

Note C - Plan Description and Contribution Information (Continued)

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan

Membership - Defined Benefit Plan

Total membership in the defined benefit plan of the Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan ("the Legislators DB Plan") consisted of the following at July 1, 2017, the date of the last actuarial valuation, and as of June 30, 2018:

	July 1, 2017	June 30, 2018
Retireees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	220	222
Terminated plan members - vested	43	40
Active plan members	80	80
Total	343	342
Number of Participating Employees	1	1

Membership - Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

Membership in the hybrid cash balance plan of the Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan ("the Legislators HCB Plan") consisted of 22 individuals at June 30, 2018 and 23 individuals at June 30, 2017. All individuals in the plan are currently active plan members.

Plan Description - Defined Benefit Plan

The Legislators DB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides retirement benefits and medical insurance premium supplements and covers the members of Kentucky's General Assembly.

The Legislators DB Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Prior to June 30, 2009, COLA, keyed to the Consumer Price Index, were provided on July 1 of each year. Commencing in 2009, the COLA on July 1 of each year is 1.50%. The COLA created in 2009 was suspended by legislative action in 2012, and no COLA's have since been granted. By legislative action in 2013, the statute was amended to provide that each July 1, a recipient of a monthly pension benefit from the Legislators DB Plan shall receive a 1.50% cost-of-living adjustment (pro-rated for the first year, if the recipient has been retired for less than one year) if:

- 1. The funding level of the Legislators DB Plan is greater than 100% and subsequent legislation authorizes the use of any surplus actuarial assets to provide for the increase; and
- 2. The Kentucky General Assembly appropriates sufficient funds to fully prefund the increase.

Supplemental increases to the 1.50% cost-of-living adjustment will require prefunding, appropriation and legislative action by the Kentucky General Assembly.

Additionally, legislation provides that a pension benefit shall be increased, if necessary, so that it equals an amount calculated by using a 1.5125% benefit rate and the current 60-month average earnings of the position held by the member at the time of retirement, subject to a 4.0% COLA annually.

Note C - Plan Description and Contribution Information (Continued)

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plan Description - Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

As an additional retirement benefit, the Legislators DB Plan will pay a percentage, based on years of service, of the members' hospital and medical insurance coverage for the retirees and their qualified dependents.

Vesting is achieved when the member has five years of legislative service or eight years of state governmental service credit. Former members who are not vested are entitled to a refund of their accumulated contributions.

There are special statutory provisions regarding disability benefits and death benefits in the line of duty.

As of January 1, 2014, participation in the Legislators DB Plan is closed to new members. All new members of the Legislator Plan participate in the Legislators HCB Plan. However, membership in the Legislators DB Plan is reactivated if a former participant of the Legislators DB Plan becomes eligible again to participate in the Legislators Plan.

Plan Description - Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

The Legislators HCB Plan provides retirement benefits to a vested member electing to participate in the Legislators Plan after January 1, 2014, and to their beneficiaries, based on the member's accumulated cash balance account. The cash balance account consists of the member's personal contributions, the employer's current pay credit of 4.00% and applicable interest. The retiree has certain distribution options, including lifetime annuity, lump sum and optional survivor benefit payments. Vesting is achieved either (a) at age 65 with accumulation of five years of active service credit in the Legislators HCB Plan and any other state-supported retirement system of the Commonwealth; or (b) at least age 57 and the member's accumulated active service credit in the Legislators HCB Plan and other state-supported retirement systems of the Commonwealth plus his/her age is at least 87.

A non-vested member (one with less than five years of service) is entitled to a refund of his/her personal contributions but forfeits the employer credit. A refund of the cash balance account for a member with five or more years of service includes his/her personal contributions, the employer credit, and applicable interest.

There are special statutory provisions regarding disability benefits and death benefits in the line of duty.

Any cost-of-living adjustment (pro-rated for the first year if the recipient has been retired for less than one year) will be granted providing the following statutory requirements occur:

- 1. The funding level of the Legislators HCB Plan is greater than 100% and subsequent legislation authorizes the use of any surplus actuarial assets to provide for the increase; and
- 2. The Kentucky General Assembly appropriates sufficient funds to fully prefund the increase.

As an additional retirement benefit, a recipient of a hybrid cash balance retirement allowance with at least 15 years of State service is eligible for a monthly health insurance benefit. The health insurance benefit is \$10.00 for each year of plan service. The minimum service requirement is waived for a member who is disabled in the line of duty, or for the qualified survivor of a member who is killed in the line of duty.

Note C - Plan Description and Contribution Information (Continued)

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan (Continued)

Contributions - Defined Benefit Plan

Members entering membership on or after September 1, 2008 must contribute 6% of their "creditable compensation," as defined. Members who first participate on or after July 1, 1978 and prior to September 1, 2008 contribute at a rate of 5% of their "creditable compensation". Once a member has earned sufficient service credit to have accrued a benefit of 100% of final average compensation, employee contributions shall cease. The Commonwealth made a normal contribution at the actuarially determined rate calculated by utilizing the entry age normal method of funding, and a past service contribution equal to 1% of the unfunded past service liabilities at the actuarially assumed interest rate of 7%, in an amount equal to 100% of the amount required by KRS 21.515.

Additionally, the Commonwealth made an appropriation to cover administrative expenses of the Legislators DB Plan. Members may transfer qualified member and Commonwealth contributions into the Legislators DB Plan from other state funded retirement plans.

Contributions - Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

Members electing to participate in the Legislators HCB Plan contribute an amount equal to 6% of official salary. Of this, 1% is to be used to fund retiree health benefits and is not refundable. For each pay period that a personal contribution is made, the Commonwealth will apply an employer credit of 4% of official salary to the member's account. On June 30 of each year, interest, in accordance with KRS 21.402 will be credited to the account. As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, approximately \$190,900 and \$115,900, respectively, of the fiduciary net position of the System relates to the Legislators HCB Plan.

Note D - Investments

Each plan has its own investment committee. The committee governing the Judicial Retirement Plan consists of the three judicial appointees and the two gubernatorial appointees to the System's Board of Trustees. The committee governing the Legislators Retirement Plan consists of the three legislative appointees and the two gubernatorial appointees to the System's Board of Trustees. All investment decisions conform to the parameters established by KRS 386.010 and the System's policy statements enumerated below:

Defined Benefit Investments

- 1. Equities will have a target allocation of 70% of the portfolio's market value (with a fluctuation tolerance of up to 10%.)
- 2. Fixed income securities and/or cash equivalents will have a target allocation of 30% of the portfolio's market value (with a fluctuation tolerance of up to 10%.)
- 3. If an allocation exceeds its targeted range for six consecutive weeks, the applicable Investment Committee will be notified and will make an affirmative decision whether, given the current market indicators and relative risk profile of the portfolio at that time, an adjustment to lessen the Fund's applicable percentage exposure is immediately required.

Note D - Investments (Continued)

Defined Benefit Investments (Continued)

Equities:

- 4. Investments in common stocks shall be from those stocks that meet the statutory standards for investment of trust funds, except that 50% of the total portfolio of each Fund may not be invested in common stocks with a dividend payment history of less than 5 years.
- 5. Investments in an individual equity security shall not exceed 5% of the fund's then current market value of the equity portfolio. At a time when the security's value reaches 8% of the fund's market value of the equity portfolio, the Manager shall immediately notify the appropriate investment committee so that the investment committee may determine a course of action.
- 6. Equity investment in a particular industry shall not exceed 25% of the fund's market value of the equity portfolio.

Fixed Income:

- 7. No issues (with the exception of those of the U.S. Government and its Agencies) may be purchased with more than 15 years duration.
- 8. Investments in securities of the U.S. Government and its Agencies may be purchased with a maturity of up to 30 years, but the average maturity of those securities in each Fund shall not exceed 10 years.
- 9. Investments in securities of a single issuer (with the exception of U.S. Government and its Agencies) of each Fund must not exceed 5% of the Fund's market value of the fixed income portfolio.
- 10. Only corporate debt issues that meet or exceed a credit rating of BBB from Standard & Poor's and/or a BAA rating Moody's may be purchased.
- 11. Preferred stocks must be rated A or better by Moody's and/or Standard & Poor's at the time of purchase.
- 12. Investment in bonds will be limited to those eligible for purchase by national banks.
- 13. Bond maturities will be reasonably spaced with due consideration given to call provisions.
- 14. The fund manager is prohibited from investing in private placements, from engaging in short sales or margin transactions, from investing in financial futures, commodities, currency exchange, or any other specialized investments.
- 15. The fund manager may invest in commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and Treasury Bills to provide income, liquidity for expense payments and preservation of the funds' principal value. Commercial paper assets must be rated at least A-2 or P-2 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, respectively. The fund manager may not invest for a fund more than 10% of the funds market value in the obligations of a single government agency, except obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies which are not restricted. Corporate cash equivalent investments shall be restricted to not more than 7% per issuer.

Note D - Investments (Continued)

Hybrid Cash Balance Investments

- 1. Equities will have a target allocation of 70% of the portfolio's market value (with a fluctuation tolerance of 5%).
- 2. Fixed Income securities will have a target allocation of 30% of the portfolio's market value (with a fluctuation tolerance of 5%).

Equities:

3. Equities shall be invested in the Vanguard 500 Index VFINX.

Fixed Income:

- 4. Fixed Income assets shall be invested in the Barclays iShares Intermediate Credit Bond CIU.
- 5. Pending investments identified above, the fund manager may invest in commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and Treasury Bills to provide income, liquidity for expense payments and preservation of the funds' principal value. Commercial paper assets must be rated at least A-2 or P2 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, respectively. Qualified cash or cash equivalents are limited to 5% of the market value.

<u>Rate of Return</u>: For the years ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of investment expense, for the Judicial Plan and Legislators Plan, was 9.4% for both plans. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of investment expense, for the Judicial Plan and Legislators Plan, was 12.8% and 12.7%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. More specifically, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Note D - Investments (Continued)

All investments held by the System are insured or registered and held by the System or by its agent in the System's name. The credit risk disclosures for the municipal securities, foreign governmental securities, and corporate notes within the Judicial Plan are as follows as of June 30:

	S&P		
	Quality Rating	2018	2017
Municipal Securities	AA+	\$ 2,530,025	\$ 2,606,775
	А	-	261,289
		\$ 2,530,025	\$ 2,868,064
Foreign governmental securities	A+	\$ 2,540,075	\$ 2,621,475
U.S. governmental securities	AAA	\$ -	\$ 2,012,160
e	AA+	5,471,648	6,585,957
	N/A	130,057	3,527,405
		\$ 5,601,705	\$ 12,125,522
Corporate notes	AAA	\$ 6,082,590	\$ 8,241,387
	AA+	5,542,050	4,717,925
	AA	4,522,405	4,659,540
	AA-	17,242,907	17,756,176
	A+	14,623,435	5,164,950
	А	10,187,455	12,667,290
	A-	15,760,705	5,288,370
	BBB+	7,484,945	4,171,040
	BBB	9,840,949	1,999,598
	Not Rated*	6,140,325	155,658
		\$ 97,427,766	\$ 64,821,934
	Total	\$ 108,099,571	\$ 82,436,995

*Investment in iShares Intermediate Credit Bond ETF for the Hybrid Cash Balance Plan is a combination of securities and a single rating is not assigned.

Note D - Investments (Continued)

The credit risk disclosures for the municipal securities, foreign governmental securities, and corporate notes within the Legislators Plan are as follows at June 30:

	S&P		
	Quality Rating	2018	2017
Municipal Securities	AA+	\$ 404,804	\$ 417,084
Foreign governmental securities	A+	\$ 609,618	\$ 629,154
U.S. governmental securities	AAA AA+ N/A	\$ - 1,329,300 146,731	\$ 1,631,439 1,452,551 -
		\$ 1,476,031	\$ 3,083,990
Corporate notes	AAA AA+ AA AA- A+ A A- BBB+	\$ 1,774,135 1,715,805 1,771,128 5,261,933 4,294,295 4,025,020 3,935,777 2,762,748	\$ 1,579,073 1,522,153 778,890 6,180,181 2,333,722 5,716,615 745,451 1,883,555
	BBB+ BBB Not Rated*	2,702,748 3,623,185 1,618,795	789,315
		\$ 30,782,821	\$ 21,570,873
	Total	\$ 33,273,274	\$ 25,701,101

* Investment in iShares Intermediate Credit Bond ETF for the Hybrid Cash Balance Plan is a combination of securities and a single rating is not assigned.

<u>Concentration of Investments</u>: Investments exceeded more than 5% of Plan fiduciary net position as follows: At June 30, 2018, Apple, Inc. at 5.35% and Home Depot, Inc. at 5.08% in the Judicial Plan; and Apple, Inc. at 5.2% and Home Depot, Inc. at 5.0% in the Legislators Plan. At June 30, 2017, Home Depot, Inc. at 6.3% in the Judicial Plan and Home Depot, Inc. at 6.2% in the Legislators Plan.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System manages its exposure to declines in fair value by purchasing a diverse combination of equity securities and debt securities with varying maturities.

Note D - Investments (Continued)

The debt securities, and related maturities, within the Judicial Plan are as follows at June 30, 2018:

		Less than One									
	Amount		Year		1-5 Years			5-10 Years			
Governmental securities	\$ 8	8,131,730	\$	1,998,000	\$	6,133,730	\$	-			
Foreign governmental securities	-	2,540,075		2,540,075		-		-			
Corporate notes	9′	7,427,766		16,197,975		34,020,731		47,209,060			
	\$ 108	8,099,571	\$	20,736,050	\$	40,154,461	\$	47,209,060			

The debt securities, and related maturities, within the Judicial Plan are as follows at June 30, 2017:

		Less than One		
	Amount	Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years
Governmental securities	\$ 14,993,586	\$ 8,097,965	\$ 6,895,621	\$ -
Foreign governmental securities	2,621,475	-	2,621,475	-
Corporate notes	64,821,934		49,028,334	15,793,600
	\$ 82,436,995	\$ 8,097,965	\$ 58,545,430	\$ 15,793,600

The debt securities, and related maturities, within the Legislators Plan are as follows at June 30, 2018:

	Less than One							
		Amount		Year		1-5 Years	(6-10 Years
Governmental securities	\$	1,880,835	\$	146,731	\$	1,734,104	\$	-
Foreign governmental securities		609,618		609,618		-		-
Corporate notes		30,782,822		4,636,090		12,751,700		13,395,032
	\$	33,273,275	\$	5,392,439	\$	14,485,804	\$	13,395,032

The debt securities, and related maturities, within the Legislators Plan are as follows at June 30, 2017:

		Les	s than One			
	 Amount		Year	1-5 Years	6	-10 Years
Governmental securities	\$ 3,501,074	\$	915,840	\$ 2,585,234	\$	-
Foreign governmental securities	629,154		-	629,154		-
Corporate notes	 21,570,873		-	 16,355,467		5,215,406
	\$ 25,701,101	\$	915,840	\$ 19,569,855	\$	5,215,406

Note D - Investments (Continued)

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> - Foreign currency risk is defined as the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit.

Investments held by the Judicial Plan at June 30 include the following corporate notes and governmental securities subject to foreign currency risk:

	Currency	2018	 2017
Bank of Montreal bond	Canadian Dollar	\$ 2,496,850	\$ 2,522,475
HSBC Holdings note	British pound	3,551,100	-
Ontario Province Canada bond	Canadian Dollar	2,540,075	2,621,475
Royal Bank of Canada bond	Canadian Dollar	2,499,625	2,515,650
Schlumberger Limited	Euro	3,529,190	-
Shell International Finance B.V. note	Euro	1,539,015	1,596,315
Toronto Dominion Bank note	Canadian Dollar	 3,000,900	 3,033,030
		\$ 19,156,755	\$ 12,288,945

Investments held by the Legislators Plan at June 30 include the following corporate notes and governmental securities subject to foreign currency risk:

	Currency	2018		2017	
Bank of Montreal bond	Canadian Dollar	\$	749,055	\$	756,743
HSBC Holdings note	British pound	ψ	1,014,600	ψ	-
Koninklijke Philips NV note	Euro		-		527,085
Ontario Province Canada bond	Canadian Dollar		609,618		629,154
Royal Bank of Canada bond	Canadian Dollar		749,888		754,695
Schlumberger Limited	Euro		1,008,340		
Shell International Finance B.V. note	Euro		769,508		798,158
Toronto Dominion Bank note	Canadian Dollar		700,209		707,707
		\$	5,601,218	\$	4,173,542

The Plans invest in various investment securities. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect amounts reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

<u>Cash and Investments Held by State Treasury</u> - At June 30, 2018, the System's share of deposits in the Commonwealth's general depository (State investment pool) totaled \$438,245 and \$69,882 in the Judicial and Legislators plans, respectively. At June 30, 2017, the System's share of deposited in the Commonwealth's general depository (State investment pool) totaled \$98,287 and \$90,376 in the Judicial and Legislators plans, respectively. The Commonwealth's CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2018 should be referred to for required disclosures.

Note E - Fair Value Measurements

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

- U.S. government securities: Value using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.
- State investments pool-investments and cash equivalents: Valued at cost which approximates fair value.
- Common stocks: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange.
- Corporate notes: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yields of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote if available.
- Foreign government securities: Valued using pricing for interactive data which offers daily evaluations and related data for international fixed income securities with embedded equity options including convertible and exchangeable bonds.

Note E - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following tables set forth by level, within the hierarchy, the System's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on recurring basis as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Judicial Retirement Plan:

	L	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Lev	vel 3		Total
State investment pool-investments								
and cash equivalents	\$	85,672	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,672
Common stocks	287	7,383,524		-		-	28	7,383,524
Corporate notes and governmental								
securities	4	5,819,709	99,7	780,237	2,4	99,625	10	8,099,571
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$ 293	3,288,905	\$ 99,7	780,237	\$ 2,4	99,625	\$ 39	5,568,767

Legislators Retirement Plan:

	Level 1		Level 2		Ι	Level 3	Total	
State investment pool-investments	¢	40 722	¢		¢		¢	40 722
and cash equivalents	\$	49,733	\$	-	\$	-	\$	49,733
Common stocks		84,170,319		-		-		84,170,319
Corporate notes and governmental								
securities		1,536,376	30,	987,012		749,886		33,273,274
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$	85,756,428	\$ 30,	987,012	\$	749,886	\$	117,493,326

The following tables set forth by level, within the hierarchy, the System's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on recurring basis as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Judicial Retirement Plan:

	Level 1		Level 2		Le	vel 3	Total	
State investment pool-investments and cash equivalents	\$	39,315	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,315
Common stocks	288	8,038,712		-		-	28	8,038,712
Corporate notes and governmental securities		10,090	82,4	126,905		-	8	2,436,995
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$ 28	8,088,117	\$ 82,4	126,905	\$	_	\$ 37	0,515,022

Note E - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Legislators Retirement Plan:

	Level 1		Level 2		Le	vel 3	Total	
State investment pool-investments and cash equivalents Common stocks	\$	63,263 84,332,367	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,263 84,332,367
Corporate notes and governmental securities		2,617	25,	698,484				25,701,101
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$	84,398,247	\$ 25,	698,484	\$	_	\$ 1	10,096,731

The System's policy is to recognize transfers between levels as of the actual date of the event or change in circumstances. There were no transfers between levels during 2018 or 2017.

Note F - Net Pension Liability

Judicial Defined Benefit Plan

The components of the net pension liability of the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan were as follows:

	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability	\$ 374,373,265	\$ 370,998,166
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(310,330,341)	(292,233,685)
Plan's Net Position Liability	\$ 64,042,924	\$ 78,764,481
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.9%	78.8%

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities at June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal funding method
Amortization Method	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Investment Return	6.24%
Inflation	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereaft

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scales).

Note F - Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Judicial Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on Judicial Defined Benefit Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 (see the discussion of the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	5.05%
International Equity	5.45%
Fixed Income	0.55%
Cash	-1.85%

The discount used to measure the total pension liability as of July 1, 2018 and 2017 was 6.24%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2055. The long-term expected rate of return on the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, determined by using the 20-year municipal AA bond yield at July 1, 2017, was used for the periods thereafter to determine the total pension liability. The discount used to measure the total pension liability on the second basis was 6.5% for 38 years, and 3.11% thereafter. This is equivalent to an average assumed rate of return of approximately 6.24%.

The following presents the net pension liability of the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan at June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 6.24%, as well as what the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan's pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.24%) or 1% point higher (7.24%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	5.24%	6.24%	7.24%
Net Pension Liability			
2018	\$ 100,481,015	\$ 64,042,924	\$ 32,972,859

Note F - Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

The components of the net pension (asset) liability of the Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan were as follows:

	 2018	2017
Total Pension Liability Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 764,022 (766,684)	\$ 506,939 (483,878)
Plan's Net Position (Asset) Liability	\$ (2,662)	\$ 23,061
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	100.4%	95.5%

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities at June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal funding method
Amortization Method	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Investment Return	4.00%
Inflation	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with white-collar adjustments with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales).

The discount used to measure the total pension liability was 4.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory employer pay credit rates.

The following presents the net pension liability of the Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan at June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 4.00%, as well as what the Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan's pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (3.00%) or 1% point higher (5.00%) than the current rate:

	Decrease 3.00%	Current Rate 4.00%		1% Increase 5.00%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset) 2018	\$ 41,034	\$	(2,662)	\$	(43,406)

Note F - Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Legislators Defined Benefit Plan

The components of the net pension liability of the Legislators Defined Benefit Plan were as follows:

	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 74,180,011 (72,556,149)	\$ 73,452,796 (68,254,406)
Plan's Net Position Liability	\$ 1,623,862	\$ 5,198,390
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	97.8%	92.9%

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities at June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal funding method
Amortization Method	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Investment Return	6.45%
Inflation	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereaft

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scales).

The long-term expected rate of return on Legislators DB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Legislators DB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 (see the discussion of the Legislators DB Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Domestic Equity	5.05%
International Equity	5.45%
Fixed Income	0.55%
Cash	-1.85%
	•

Note F - Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Legislators Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The discount used to measure the total pension liability as of July 1, 2018 and 2017 was 6.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2068. The long-term expected rate of return on the Judicial Defined Benefit Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, determined by using the 20-year municipal AA bond yield at July 1, 2018, was used for the periods thereafter to determine the total pension liability. The discount used to measure the total pension liability on the second basis was 6.5% for 38 years, and 3.11% thereafter. This is equivalent to an average assumed rate of return of approximately 6.45%.

The following presents the net pension liability of the Legislators Defined Benefit Plan at June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 6.45%, as well as what the Legislators Defined Benefit Plan's pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.45%) or 1% point higher (7.45%) than the current rate:

	1%	b Decrease 5.45%	Cı	urrent Rate 6.45%	1	% Increase 7.45%
Net Pension Liability (Asset) 2018	\$	8,525,653	\$	1,623,862	\$	(4,260,801)

Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

The components of the net pension liability of the Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan were as follows:

	 2018	 2017
Total Pension Liability Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 194,498 (190,911)	\$ 111,954 (115,945)
Plan's Net Position Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,587	\$ (3,991)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	98.2%	103.6%

Note F - Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan (Continued)

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal funding method
Amortization Method	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Investment Return	4.00%
Inflation	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scales).

The discount used to measure the total pension liability was 4.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory employer pay credit rates.

The following presents the net pension liability of the Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan at June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 4.00%, as well as what the Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan's pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (3.00%) or 1% point higher (5.00%) than the current rate:

	Decrease 3.00%	Current Rate 4.00%		1% Increase 5.00%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset) 2018	\$ 13,106	\$	3,587	\$	5,416

Note G - Net OPEB

Judicial Defined Benefit Plan

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Judicial DB Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, were as follows:

	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 54,323,647 (86,186,181)	\$ 52,033,388 (79,051,295)
Plan's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (31,862,534)	\$ (27,017,907)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	158.7%	151.9%

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities as of J une 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date:	July 1, 2017
Inflation:	3.00%
Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and $3.5%$ thereafter
Investment rate of return:	6.24%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	8% for year 1, decreasing .25 percent per
	year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scales).

The long-term expected rate of return on Judicial OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Judicial OPEB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 (see the discussion of the Judicial OPEB Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term
	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Domestic Equity	5.05%
International Equity	5.45%
Fixed Income	0.55%
Cash	-1.85%

Note G - Net OPEB (Continued)

Judicial Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Judicial DB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2055. The long-term expected rate of return on the Judicial DB Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, determined by using the 20-year municipal AA bond yield at July 1, 2017, for the periods thereafter to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Judicial DB Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Judicial DB Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.50%) or 1% point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 5.50%		C	Current Rate 6.50%		1% Increase 7.50%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset) 2018		(25,068,139)	¢	(31,862,534)	¢	(37,512,587)	
2018 2017	Φ	(20,322,542)	Φ	(31,802,334) (27,017,907)	Φ	(37,512,587) (32,572,528)	

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Judicial DB Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years, as well as what the Judicial DB Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
	7% decreasing to		8% decreasing to		9% decreasing to	
	4% over 12 years		5% over 12 years		6% over 12 years	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)						
2018	\$	(38,070,706)	\$	(31,862,534)	\$	(24,404,628)
2017		(32,709,099)		(27,017,907)		(20,188,654)

Note G - Net OPEB (Continued)

Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, were as follows:

	2018		2017		
Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	71,139 (97,800)	\$	47,111 (58,897)	
Plan's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(26,661)	\$	(11,786)	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		137.5%		125.0%	

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date:	July 1, 2017
Inflation:	3.00%
Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter
Investment rate of return:	4.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	:8% for year 1, decreasing .25 percent per
	year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scales).

The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory employer pay credit rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 4.00%, as well as what the Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (3.00%) or 1% point higher (5.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 3.00%		Current Rate 4.00%		1% Increase 5.00%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset) 2018 2017	\$	(12,168) (2,049)	\$	(26,661) (11,786)	\$	(38,365) (19,638)

Note G - Net OPEB (Continued)

Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan (Continued)

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Judicial Hybrid Cash Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years, as well as what the Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase		
	7% dec	7% decreasing to		8% decreasing to		ecreasing to	
	4% over 12 years		5% over 12 years		6% over 12 years		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)							
2018	\$	(27,102)	\$	(26,661)	\$	(26,103)	
2017		(12,071)		(11,786)		(11,428)	

Legislators Defined Benefit Plan

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Legislators DB Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, were as follows:

	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 22,961,320 (45,133,475)	\$ 22,119,646 (42,070,394)
Plan's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (22,172,155)	\$ (19,950,748)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total OPEB Liability	196.6%	190.5%

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date:	July 1, 2017
Inflation:	3.00%
Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter
Investment rate of return:	6.45%
Healthcare cost trend rates	: 8% for year 1, decreasing .25 percent per
	year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scales).

Note G - Net OPEB (Continued)

Legislators Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on Legislators DB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Legislators DB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 (see the discussion of the Legislators DB Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	5.05%
International Equity	5.45%
Fixed Income	0.55%
Cash	-1.85%

The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Legislators DB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2068. The long-term expected rate of return on the Legislators DB Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, determined by using the 20-year municipal AA bond yield at July 1, 2017, for the periods thereafter to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability on the second bases was 6.50% for 51 years, and 3.11% thereafter. This is equivalent to an average assumed rate of return of approximately 6.45%.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Legislators DB Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Legislators DB Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.50%) or 1% point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 5.50%		Current Rate 6.50%		1% Increase 7.50%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)						
2018	\$	(19,449,545)	\$	(22,172,155)	\$	(24,437,088)
2017		(17,230,763)		(19,950,748)		(22,208,072)

Note G - Net OPEB (Continued)

Legislators Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Legislators DB Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years, as well as what the Legislators DB Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase			
	7% decreasing to		8% decreasing to		9%	decreasing to		
	4% over 12 years		5% over 12 years		6% over 12 years			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)								
2018	\$	(24,621,772)	\$	(22,172,155)	\$	(19,244,366)		
2017		(22,208,440)		(19,950,748)		(17,255,566)		

Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, were as follows:

	 2018	 2017
Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 58,159 (48,279)	\$ 35,957 (29,698)
Plan's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 9,880	\$ 6,259
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	83.0%	82.6%

The following are the actuarial methods and assumptions used to develop the above liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Valuation Date:	July 1, 2017
Inflation:	3.00%
Salary Increases	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter
Investment rate of return:	4.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	:8% for year 1, decreasing .25 percent per
	year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scales).

The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current statutory employer pay credit rates.

Note G - Net OPEB (Continued)

Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 4.00%, as well as what the Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (3.00%) or 1% point higher (5.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 3.00%		Cı	urrent Rate 4.00%	1% Increase 5.00%		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	¢	21 40 4	¢	0.000	¢	450	
2018	\$	21,484	\$	9,880	\$	450	
2017		13,673		6,259		262	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Legislators Hybrid Cash Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years, as well as what the Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Curr	ent Rate	1% Increase		
	7% decreasing to		8% decreasing to		9% decreasing to		
	4% over 12 years		5% ov	er 12 years	6% over 12 years		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)							
2018	\$	9,709	\$	9,880	\$	10,108	
2017		6,164		6,259		6,385	

Note H - Risk Management

Claims against the Board of Trustees of the System, or any of its staff, as a result of actual or alleged breach of fiduciary duty are insured with a commercial insurance policy. Coverage provided is limited to \$20,000,000. Claims for job-related illnesses or injuries are insured by the Commonwealth's self-insured workers' compensation program. Payments approved by the program are not subject to maximum limitations.

Note I - Income Tax Status

The Judicial Plan and Legislators Plan each received from the Internal Revenue Service favorable determination letters dated February 15, 2017, which state that the Plans constitute qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The System believes that the Plans are currently designed and being operated in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. Any compensation deferred under either Plan, as well as income attributable to the deferrals, is not includable in federal and state taxable income until actually paid or otherwise made available to the participant or their named beneficiary.

Required Supplementary Information

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30

Kentucky Judicial Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$ 3,900,000 22,700,000	\$ 4,700,000 23,800,000	\$ 4,800,000 23,400,000	\$ 5,000,000 22,200,000	\$ 5,000,000 21,900,000
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions	(23,200,000)	(8,900,000) (2,100,000) (23,000,000)	(22,900,000)	4,400,000 (4,400,000) (22,300,000)	29,100,000 (21,800,000)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,400,000	(5,500,000)	5,300,000	4,900,000	34,200,000
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	371,000,000	376,500,000	371,200,000	366,300,000	332,100,000
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 374,400,000	\$ 371,000,000	\$ 376,500,000	\$ 371,200,000	\$ 366,300,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Transfer in payments Net investment income Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$ 11,900,000 1,800,000 600,000 27,000,000 (23,200,000)	\$ 11,900,000 1,500,000 34,600,000 (23,000,000)	\$ 15,100,000 1,700,000 100,000 8,700,000 (22,900,000) -	\$ 15,100,000 1,900,000 200,000 25,600,000 (22,200,000) -	\$ 10,800,000 2,800,000 1,600,000 33,200,000 (21,800,000)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	18,100,000	25,000,000	2,700,000	20,600,000	26,600,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	292,200,000	267,200,000	264,500,000	243,900,000	217,300,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 310,300,000	\$ 292,200,000	\$ 267,200,000	\$ 264,500,000	\$ 243,900,000
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 64,100,000	\$ 78,800,000	\$ 109,300,000	\$ 106,700,000	\$ 122,400,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability Covered Payroll Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	82.9% \$ 27,900,000 229.7%	78.8% \$ 27,600,000 285.5%	71.0% \$ 30,000,000 364.3%	71.3% \$ 30,000,000 355.7%	66.6% \$ 32,900,000 371.7%
The reason Endomity as a 70 of Covered 1 dyfoli	229.170	200.070	JUT.J/0	555.170	5/1.//0

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100,000.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) Year Ended June 30

Kentucky Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

	2018		2017		2016		2015	
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions	\$	227,700 29,400 - - -	\$	166,600 17,100 - 76,800 (10,900) (4,400)	\$	166,600 10,100 - - - -	\$	- - 85,000 - - -
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		257,100		245,200		176,700		85,000
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		506,900		261,700		85,000		
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	764,000	\$	506,900	\$	261,700	\$	85,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Transfer in payments Net investment income Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$	69,300 161,100 - 52,400 - -	\$	69,300 118,500 - 35,500 (4,400) -	\$	71,300 99,100 - 4,100 - -	\$	42,300 47,900 - - - - -
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		282,800		218,900		174,500		90,500
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		483,900		265,000		90,500		
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	766,700	\$	483,900	\$	265,000	\$	90,500
Net Pension (Asset) Liability - Ending Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	\$	(2,700) 100.4%	\$	23,000 95.5%	\$	(3,300) 101.3%	\$	(5,500) 106.5%
Covered Payroll Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	\$	2,724,000	\$	2,697,000 0.9%	\$	1,936,000 -0.2%	\$	1,936,000 -0.3%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) Year Ended June 30

Kentucky Legislators Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$	600,000	\$	700,000	\$	900,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000
Interest		4,600,000		5,300,000		5,200,000		5,100,000		4,900,000
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(6,400,000)		-		(3,400,000)		-
Changes in assumptions		-		(200,000)		-		(1,500,000)		3,700,000
Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions		(4,500,000)		(4,200,000)		(4,000,000)		(3,700,000)		(3,500,000)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		700,000		(4,800,000)		2,100,000		(2,500,000)		6,100,000
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		73,500,000		78,300,000		76,200,000		78,700,000	1	72,600,000
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	74,200,000	\$	73,500,000	\$	78,300,000	\$	76,200,000	\$	78,700,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,400,000	\$	3,400,000	\$	3,400,000	\$	1,800,000
Contributions - member	φ	2,400,000	φ	300,000	φ	300,000	φ	200,000	φ	200,000
Transfer in payments		200,000		100,000		-		200,000		-
Net investment income		6,200,000		7,900,000		2,000,000		5,600,000		7,900,000
Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions		(4,500,000)		(4,200,000)		(4,000,000)		(3,700,000)		(3,500,000)
Administrative expenses		-		-		(200,000)		-		-
Other		-		-		200,000		-		-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		4,300,000		6,500,000		1,700,000		5,500,000		6,400,000
		<u> </u>		- , ,		,,		- , ,		- , - ,
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		68,300,000		61,800,000		60,100,000		54,600,000		48,200,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	72,600,000	\$	68,300,000	\$	61,800,000	\$	60,100,000	\$	54,600,000
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	1,600,000	\$	5,200,000	\$	16,500,000	\$	16,100,000	\$	24,100,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability		97.8%		92.9%		78.9%		78.9%		69.4%
Covered Payroll	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,500,000	\$	4,500,000	\$	4,500,000	\$	5,000,000
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll		45.7%		148.6%		366.7%		357.8%		483.2%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100,000.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Plan

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions	\$ 76,900 7,500 - - (1,900)	\$ 36,200 3,800 - 17,900 (3,300) (2,900)	\$ 36,200 2,400 - - -	\$ 21,700 - -
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	82,500	51,700	38,600	21,700
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 112,000	60,300	 21,700	 -
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 194,500	\$ 112,000	\$ 60,300	\$ 21,700
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Transfer in payments Net investment income Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 15,400 47,400 - 14,100 (1,900) - - 75,000	\$ 15,400 35,100 - 8,600 (2,900) - - 56,200	\$ 14,500 24,600 - 700 - - - 39,800	\$ 8,800 11,000 - 100 - - - 19,900
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 115,900	 59,700	 19,900	 -
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 190,900	\$ 115,900	\$ 59,700	\$ 19,900
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 3,600	\$ (3,900)	\$ 600	\$ 1,800
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	98.1%	103.5%	99.0%	91.7%
Covered Payroll	\$ 907,000	\$ 898,000	\$ 419,000	\$ 419,000
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	0.4%	-0.4%	0.1%	0.4%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Kentucky Judicial Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

	 2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest	\$ 900,000 3,300,000	\$ 1,200,000 4,600,000
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions	- - - (2,000,000)	- (22,100,000) 5,600,000 (1,900,000)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	 2,200,000	 (12,600,000)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 52,100,000	 64,700,000
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 54,300,000	\$ 52,100,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Transfer in payments Net investment income Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$ 1,200,000 200,000 100,000 7,600,000 (2,000,000) -	\$ 1,200,000 100,000 - 9,400,000 (1,900,000) - -
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,100,000	8,800,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 79,100,000	 70,300,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 86,200,000	\$ 79,100,000
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ (31,900,000)	\$ (27,000,000)
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability Covered Payroll Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	\$ 158.7% 27,900,000 -114.3%	\$ 151.8% 27,600,000 -97.8%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100,000.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Kentucky Judicial Hybrid Cash OPEB Plan

		2018		2017
Total OPEB Liability	¢	21 200	¢	15 400
Service cost	\$	21,300	\$	15,400
Interest Changes in herefit terms		2,700		1,600
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience		-		4,800
Changes in assumptions		-		-,000
Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions		_		-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		24,000		21,800
				9
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		47,100		25,300
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	71,100	\$	47,100
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions - member		32,200		23,700
Transfer in payments		-		-
Net investment income		6,700		4,300
Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions		-		-
Administrative expenses		-		-
Other		-		-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		38,900		28,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		58,900		30,900
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	97,800	\$	58,900
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	(26,700)	\$	(11,800)
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a %				
of the Total Pension Liability	¢	137.5%	¢	125.0%
Covered Payroll	\$	2,724,000	\$	2,697,000
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll		-1.0%		-0.4%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Kentucky Legislators Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

		2018	 2017
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest	\$	300,000 1,400,000	\$ 400,000 2,000,000
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions		- - - (700,000)	- (10,600,000) 2,300,000 (700,000)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	-	1,000,000	 (6,600,000)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		22,000,000	 28,600,000
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	23,000,000	\$ 22,000,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Transfer in payments Net investment income Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions	\$	- - 3,900,000 (800,000)	\$ - - - 4,900,000 (700,000)
Administrative expenses Other		-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,100,000	 4,200,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		42,000,000	37,800,000
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	45,100,000	\$ 42,000,000
Net Pension Liability - Ending Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	\$	(22,100,000)	\$ (20,000,000) 190.9%
Covered Payroll Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	\$	3,500,000 -631.4%	\$ 3,500,000 -571.4%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100,000.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Kentucky Judicial Hybrid Cash OPEB Plan

		2018		2017
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest	\$	20,000 2,200	\$	9,500 1,100
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions		- - -		7,200
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		22,200		17,800
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	36,000 58,200	\$	<u>18,200</u> 36,000
	<u>ф</u>	38,200	Φ	30,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Transfer in payments Net investment income Benefit payments/refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	\$	5,600 9,500 - 3,500 -	\$	5,600 7,000 - 2,200 -
Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position				14,800
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		29,700		14,900
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	48,300	\$	29,700
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	9,900	\$	6,300
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability Covered Payroll Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	\$	83.0% 907,000 1.1%	\$	82.6% 898,000 0.7%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contributions and related ratios. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. The amounts presented above were determined as of the fiscal year ended above. Amounts rounded to nearest \$100.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Pension Contributions Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Judicial Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010	2009	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	11,900,000	\$	11,884,797	\$	15,171,300	\$	15,142,300	\$	15,219,761	\$	15,219,761	\$	10,302,430	\$	10,302,430	\$	4,511,980	\$	4,511,980
actuarially determined contribution	\$	11,900,000	\$	11,884,797	\$	15,171,300	\$	15,142,300	\$	10,804,715	\$	10,398,987	\$	4,945,968	\$	4,533,804	\$	4,469,535	\$	4,469,535
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,415,046)	\$	(4,820,774)	\$	(5,356,462)	\$	(5,768,626)	\$	(42,445)	\$	(42,445)
Covered Payroll	\$	27,900,000	\$	27,590,586	\$	30,009,000	\$	30,009,000	\$	32,930,076	\$	32,930,076	\$	33,175,215	\$	33,175,215	\$	29,886,624	\$	29,886,624
Contributions as a percentage of																				
covered payroll		42.7%		43.1%		50.3%		50.3%		32.8%		31.6%		14.9%		13.7%		15.0%		15.0%
Investment return:		6.24%		6.24%		6.41%		6.41%		6.15%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%
Valuation Date:	J	uly 1, 2017	J	July 1, 2015	J	July 1, 2013		July 1, 2013		July 1, 2011		fuly 1, 2011		July 1, 2009	J	uly 1, 2009		July 1, 2007	J	fuly 1, 2007

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method. Prior to July 1 2013, the actuarial accrued liability was calculated using the projected unit credit cost method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2013, the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 1% the following year and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2011 the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 2% the following year, and 4% thereafter.
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without colloar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2011, RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected 2009 withhout collar adjustment for male and

Note: Effective for the year ended June 30, 2008, medical insurance employer contributions have been segregated from defined benefit contributions.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Pension Contributions (Continued) Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Retirement Plan

	2018			2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	69,300	\$	69,300	\$ 71,300	\$ 42,300
Contributions in relation to the						
actuarially determined contribution	\$	69,300	\$	69,300	\$ 71,300	\$ 42,300
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$	2,724,000	\$	2,697,000	\$ 1,936,000	\$ 1,936,000
Contributions as a percentage of						
covered payroll		2.5%		2.6%	3.7%	2.2%
Investment return:		4.0%		4.0%	4.0%	4.0%
Valuation Date:	Jı	ıly 1, 2017	J	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2013	July 1, 2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without colloar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 200 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales).

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contribution information. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. Contribution amounts rounded to the nearest \$100 and covered payroll amounts rounded to the nearest \$100.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Pension Contributions (Continued) Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Legislators Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

		2018		2017		2016		2015	 2014	 2013	 2012		2011	 2010		2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,384,500	\$	3,414,500	\$	3,408,800	\$ 3,214,854	\$ 3,214,854	\$ 2,140,019	\$	2,140,019	\$ 319,820	\$	319,820
Contributions in relation to the																
actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,384,500	\$	3,414,500	\$	3,408,800	\$ 1,824,956	\$ 1,696,000	\$ 1,027,200	\$	941,600	\$ 319,838	\$	319,838
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,389,898)	\$ (1,518,854)	\$ (1,112,819)	\$	(1,198,419)	\$ 18	\$	18
Covered Payroll	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,505,969	\$	4,919,000	\$	4,919,000	\$ 4,987,823	\$ 4,987,823	\$ 5,192,619	\$	5,192,619	\$ 4,916,770	\$	4,916,770
Contributions as a percentage of																
covered payroll		68.6%		68.6%		75.6%		75.6%	36.1%	34.0%	19.8%		18.1%	6.5%		6.5%
Investment return:		6.45%		6.45%		6.85%		6.85%	6.50%	7.00%	7.00%		7.00%	7.00%		7.00%
Valuation Date:	Jı	uly 1, 2017	J	uly 1, 2015	J	uly 1, 2013	J	July 1, 2013	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2009	J	fuly 1, 2009	July 1, 2007	J	fuly 1, 2007

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method. Prior to July 1 2013, the actuarial accrued liability was calculated using the projected unit credit cost method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2013, the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 1% the following year and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2011 the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 2% the following year, and 4% thereafter.
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without colloar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 200 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2011, RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 2009 withhout collar adjustment for male and female lives was used.

Note: Effective for the year ended June 30, 2008, medical insurance employer contributions have been segregated from defined benefit contributions.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of Pension Contributions (Continued) Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Legislators Hybrid Cash Balance Retirement Plan

	2018		2017			2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	15,400	\$	15,400	\$	14,500	\$	8,800
Contributions in relation to the								
actuarially determined contribution	\$	15,400	\$	15,400	\$	14,500	\$	8,800
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	907,000	\$	898,000	\$	419,000	\$	419,000
Contributions as a percentage of								
covered payroll		1.7%		1.7%		3.5%		2.1%
Investment return:		4.0%		4.0%		4.0%		4.0%
Valuation Date:	Ju	ly 1, 2017	J	uly 1, 2015	J	uly 1, 2013		July 1, 2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without colloar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 200 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales).

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contribution information. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. Contribution amounts rounded to the nearest \$100 and covered payroll amounts rounded to the nearest \$100.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of OPEB Contributions Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Judicial Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,217,903	\$ 1,274,480	\$ 1,274,480	\$ 893,242	\$ 893,242	\$ 695,787	\$ 695,787	\$ 838,352	\$ 838,352
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,217,903	\$ 1,274,480	\$ 1,274,480	\$ 634,125	\$ 610,313	\$ 334,032	\$ 306,196	\$ 830,465	\$ 830,465
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 259,117	\$ 282,929	\$ 361,755	\$ 389,591	\$ 7,887	\$ 7,887
Covered Payroll	\$27,900,000	\$27,600,000	\$ 30,009,000	\$ 30,009,000	\$ 32,930,000	\$ 32,930,000	\$ 33,775,000	\$ 33,175,000	\$ 29,887,000	\$29,887,000
Contributions as a percentage of										
covered payroll	4.3%	4.4%	4.2%	4.2%	1.9%	1.9%	1.0%	0.9%	2.8%	2.8%
Investment return:	6.24%	6.24%	6.41%	6.41%	6.15%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Valuation Date:	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2013	July 1, 2013	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2009	July 1, 2009	July 1, 2007	July 1, 2007

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method. Prior to July 1 2013, the actuarial accrued liability was calculated using the projected unit credit cost method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Investment return:	6.24%. For July 1, 2016 and 2015, an investment return of 6.41% was used. For July 1, 2014, an investment return of 7% was used. Prior to July 1, 2009, an investment return of 7.5% was used.
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2013, the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 1% the following year and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2011 the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 2% the following year,
Healthcare cost trend rates:	8% for year 1, decreasing 0.25 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for years 13+
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2011, RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 2009 without collar adjustment for male and female lives was used.

Note: Effective for the year ended June 30, 2008, medical insurance employer contributions have been segregated from defined benefit contributions.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of OPEB Contributions (Continued) Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance OPEB Plan

	2018		2017		2016			2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	69,300	\$	69,300	\$	71,300	\$	42,300
Contributions in relation to the								
actuarially determined contribution	\$	69,300	\$	69,300	\$	71,300	\$	42,300
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	2,724,000	\$	2,697,000	\$	1,936,000	\$	1,936,000
Contributions as a percentage of								
covered payroll		2.5%		2.6%		3.7%		2.2%
Investment return:		4.0%		4.0%		4.0%		4.0%
Valuation Date:	Jı	uly 1, 2018	Ju	ıly 1, 2017	Jı	uly 1, 2016	Ju	ıly 1, 2015

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Investment return:	4.00%
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter
Healthcare cost trend rates:	8% for year 1, decreasing 0.25 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for years 13+
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 200 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales).

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contribution information. Currently, only those years with information available are presented. See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of OPEB Contributions (Continued) Years Ended June 30

Kentucky Legislators Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,759	\$ 59,759
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,762	\$ 59,762
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 4,919,000	\$ 4,919,000	\$ 4,987,823	\$ 4,987,823	\$ 5,192,619	\$ 5,192,619	\$ 4,916,770	\$ 4,916,770
Contributions as a percentage of										
covered payroll	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	1.2%
Investment return:	6.45%	6.45%	6.85%	6.85%	6.45%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Valuation Date:	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2015	July 1, 2013	July 1, 2013	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2009	July 1, 2009	July 1, 2007	July 1, 2007

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method. Prior to July 1 2013, the actuarial accrued liability was calculated using the projected unit credit cost method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2013, the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 1% the following year and 3.5% thereafter. Prior to July 1, 2011 the future salary increase assumption was 1% for the next year, 2% the following year,
Healthcare cost trend rates:	8% for year 1, decreasing 0.25 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for years 13+
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2011, RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 2009 without collar adjustment for male and female lives was used.

Note: Effective for the year ended June 30, 2008, medical insurance employer contributions have been segregated from defined benefit contributions.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedules of OPEB Contributions (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2018

Kentucky Legislator Hybrid Cash Balance OPEB Plan

	2018			2017		2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	5,500	\$	5,534	\$	5,207	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the								
actuarially determined contribution	\$	5,600	\$	5,556	\$	5,207	\$	-
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	907,000	\$	897,712	\$	419,012	\$	419,012
Contributions as a percentage of								
covered payroll		1%		1%		1%		0%
Investment return:		4.0%		4.0%		4.0%		4.0%
Valuation Date:	Ju	ly 1, 2017	Ju	ly 1, 2015	Ju	ly 1, 2013	Ju	ly 1, 2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions

Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal funding method.
Amortization method:	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Inflation:	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter
Healthcare cost trend rates:	8% for year 1, decreasing 0.25 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent for years 13+
Mortality:	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2015, mortality rates were based on IRS 2008 Mortality Tables without collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 200 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales).

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contribution information. Currently, only those years with information available are presented.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Schedule of Investment Returns Years Ended June 30

_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Kentucky Judicial Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Kentucky Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Pension Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.4%	12.8%	3.2%	10.2%	15.0%
Kentucky Legislative Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Kentucky Legislative Hybrid Cash Balance Pension Plan Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.4%	12.7%	3.6%	10.1%	16.7%
Kentucky Judicial Defined Benefit OPEB Plan and Kentucky Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance OPEB Plan Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.4%	12.8%	3.2%	10.2%	15.0%
Kentucky Legislative Defined Benefit OPEB Plan and Kentucky Legislative Hybrid Cash Balance OPEB Plan Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.4%	12.7%	3.6%	10.1%	16.7%

Note: This schedule is intended to present 10 years of contribution information. Currently, only those years with information available are presented.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Trustees Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System (the System), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, which comprise the statement of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2018, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the System's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the System's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Lexington, Kentucky November 15, 2018